

5ª QUINZENA – 3º CICLO

Habilidades Essenciais: (EF09LI05-A) Ler diversos textos publicitários e de propaganda para identificar recursos de persuasão, como escolha e jogo de palavras, uso de cores e imagens, tamanho de letras, utilizados nas mídias como elementos de convencimento; (EF09LI16-A) (Re)conhecer e compreender o uso dos verbos *should, must, have to, may* e *might*, para empregá-los em situações comunicativas, indicando recomendação, necessidade ou obrigação e probabilidade; (EF09LI19-A) Compreender e discutir a comunicação intercultural, por meio da língua inglesa, como mecanismo de valorização pessoal e de construção de identidades no mundo globalizado para respeitar e valorizar a diversidade linguística e cultural.

NOME:

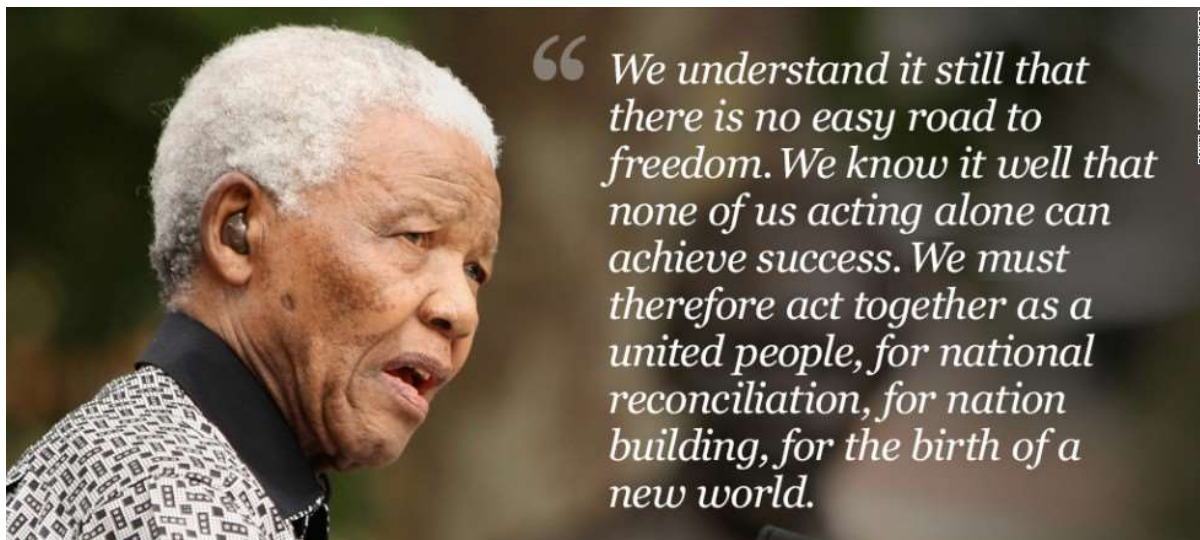
UNIDADE ESCOLAR:

Tema/ objeto de conhecimento: Modal verbs: should, must, have to, may, might

MODAL VERBS

Type	Modal Verbs	Examples
ABILITY	Can, Could	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> David can speak three languages. He could speak fluent French when he was 5.
PERMISSION	Can, Could, May	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Can I sit in that chair please? Could I open the window? May I borrow your dictionary?
ADVICE	Should	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You should visit your dentist at least twice a year. You should try to lose weight.
OBLIGATION	Must, Have to	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I must memorize all of these rules about tenses. You have to take off your shoes before you get into the mosque.
POSSIBILITY	Might, May, Could, Can	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> It looks nice, but it might be very expensive. Richard may be coming to see us tomorrow.

Disponível em <https://www.tes.com/lessons/10Ack8RLazvVvA/modals> Acesso em 18 de set. de 2020.



Disponível em: <https://edition.cnn.com/2013/12/05/africa/gallery/mandela-quotes/index.html> Acesso em 21 de set. de 2020.

1. Answer these questions in English.

- a) Is there any easy road to freedom?
- b) Can we achieve success acting alone?
- c) Why must we act together as a united people?



2. Decide if the following sentences are true (T) or false (F) according to the text. Then correct the false ones.

- a) () You can't leave the ground without a plan to get down.
- b) () The Emergency Rescue Plan should not be appropriate for the situation.
- c) () Nobody involved in the Rescue Plan should know their role.

3. O verbo modal SHOULD na frase "The Emergency Rescue Plan SHOULD be appropriate for the situation and work being done" expressa um(a)

- a) () obrigação.
- b) () habilidade.
- c) () conselho.
- d) () permissão.

Disponível em: <https://in.pinterest.com/pin/660762576563139811/>
Acesso em 21 de set. de 2020.



4. According to the text, the expression FREAK OUT means

- a) () to become so angry, surprised, excited or frightened that you cannot control yourself.
- b) () to start doing things in a different way like dancing, running in circles and yelling.
- c) () to look for something in your house in a pleasure way.
- d) () to begin to have a particular job experience in a quiet and pleasure place.

Disponível em: <https://www.numberbarn.com/blog/phone-jokes/> Acesso em 21 de set. de 2020.

5. Circle the right modal verb to complete the sentences.

- a) It's a hospital. You (MUSTN'T / MUST) smoke.
- b) Take an umbrella. It (MIGHT / SHOULD) rain later.
- c) You (SHOULDN'T / MUST) leave small objects lying around. Children (MAY / HAVE TO) swallow such objects.
- d) Drivers (MUST / SHOULD) stop when the traffic lights are red.
- e) I think you (SHOULD / CAN'T) go out more and meet new people.
- f) To get a driving licence you (HAVE TO / CAN) be over 18.
- g) You (MUST / SHOULD) wear a uniform when you're in the army.
- h) It's dangerous to go into deep water if you (CANNOT / MUST) swim.

6. Unscramble the words in order to make sentences using the modal verbs. (Organize as palavras para formar sentenças usando os verbos modais.)

- a) THE – FOLLOW – SHE – MUST – RULES.
- b) DENTIST – SHOULD – GO – THE – YOU – TO
- c) BY – COME – CAR – MAY – THEY.