

8º ANO

LÍNGUA INGLESA

Superintendência de
Educação Infantil e
Ensino Fundamental

SEDUC
Secretaria de Estado
da Educação



ATIVIDADE 13

Tema: Dreams and future projects for our society: Comparative and Superlative

NOME:

UNIDADE ESCOLAR:

Prefixes & Suffixes



Suffix	Meaning	Example
-age	A result	Wreckage
-ance	An action or state	Importance
-ant	A person	Asistant
-ee	A person	Referee
-ence	An action or state	Difference
-er/or	A person	Teacher
-ery	A type or place of work	Bakery
-ess	Makes a feminine form	Waitress
-ful	As much as will fill	Spoonful
-ing	An action or result	Painting
-ion	A process, state or result	Decoration

Prefix	Meaning	Example
Anti-	Against	Antifreeze, antithesis
De-	Opposite	Decode, decompose
Dis-	Not, opposite of	Disconnect, disembark
Em-	Cause to	Embrace, emphasis
En-	Cause to	Encode, encounter
Fore-	Before	Forecast, foresight
In-	In	Infield, infiltrate
Im-	In	Imbalance
Inter-	Between	International, interact
Mid-	Middle	Midday, midway
Mis-	Wrongly	Misfire, misunderstand
Non-	Not	Nonsense, nonexistent

COMPARATIVE AND SUPERLATIVE ADJECTIVES		COMPARATIVE (+ than)	The + SUPERLATIVE
SHORT ADJECTIVES (1 SYLLABLE)	small	Smaller (than)	The smallest
	short	Shorter (than)	The shortest
	fat	Fatter (than)	The fattest
2 syllable adjective ending in -y	easy	Easier (than)	The easiest
	dirty	Dirtier (than)	The dirtiest
Long adjectives	difficult	More difficult	The most difficult
	beautiful	More beautiful	The most beautiful
Irregular	bad	Worse (than)	The worst
	good	Better (than)	The best

Disponível em: <https://englishteacherjanine.blogspot.com/2017/11/comparative-and-superlative-adjectives.html> Acesso em 02 de set de 2020.

Let's read some texts and do some activities!



Disponível em: <https://br.pinterest.com/pin/101049585372015992/> Acesso em 21 de jul. de 2021.

1. Mark an X TRUE or FALSE according to the text. (Marque um X no verdadeiro ou falso de acordo com o texto.)

	TRUE	FALSE
a) O adjetivo GREAT na expressão THE GREATEST se encontra no comparativo.		
b) Esse texto tem como objetivo persuadir o leitor a preservar o ambiente marinho.		
c) The word ALIVE means: having life, not dead.		



Air craft Noise Pollution

Noise from planes flying over residential areas impairs people's ability to work, learn in school and sleep, and consequently also results in lowered property values in affected areas.

As passenger volume increases and new and larger airports are built, noise is becoming even more of a concern.

Answer these questions.

- Does noise from planes flying over residential area impair learn in school?
- Is noise becoming even more of a concern as larger airports are built?

2. Retire do texto um adjetivo que esteja no comparativo de superioridade.

Disponível

em: <https://www.slideshare.net/himanshuvesit/noise-pollution-26630277> Acesso em 21 de jul. de 2021.

ROAD TRAFFIC NOISE

In the city, the main sources of traffic noise are the motors and exhaust system of autos, smaller trucks, buses, and motorcycles.



3. What are the main sources of traffic noise in the city?

- () They are the motors and exhaust system of planes, bigger trucks, buses and bikes.
- () They are the motors and exhaust system of autos, smaller trucks, buses and motorcycles.
- () They are the motors and exhaust system of autos, bigger trucks, planes and motorcycles.
- () They are the motors and exhaust system of planes, smaller trucks, bikes and motorcycles.

Disponível em: <https://www.slideshare.net/himanshuvesit/noise-pollution-26630277> Acesso em 21 de jul. de 2021.

4. Fil in the gaps with the Comparative form of the adjectives given.

- Fiat Argo is _____ (small) than HRV.
- HRV is _____ (expensive) than Fiat Argo.
- In my opinion, HRV is _____ (beautiful) than Fiat Argo.
- S-10 is _____ (big) than Fiat Strada.

5. Fil in the gaps with the Superlative form of the adjectives given.

- Goiânia is _____ (big) city in Goiás.
- In my opinion, Alto Paraíso is _____ (beautiful) city in Goiás.
- Peter is _____ (young) boy in his family.
- Susy is _____ (tall) person in the class.

6. Read the texts below and answer the questions.

COMPARATIVES & SUPERLATIVES

Model	Iconic Year	Engine Size (in ³)	Power (HP)	Top Speed (MPH)	Value Today (\$)	Top Trumps Rating
Shelby GT500	1967	427	355	129	252,000	88
Dodge Charger	1969	383	330	127	71,900	98
Chevrolet Bel Air	1958	348	315	94	63,300	85

Model	Top Trumps File
Shelby GT500	A high-performance big-block variant of the Ford Mustang, the Shelby GT500 was equipped with a huge 427-cid "Police Interceptor" V8. Although this engine appeared in other, larger, Fords of the time, the GT500's twin Tolly four-barrel carburetors produced 360 hp. It also featured a fiberglass nose and tail section, plus an inside trim borrowed from the Mustang GT.
Dodge Charger	The 1969 Dodge Charger is recognizable worldwide after its appearance in the TV show <i>The Dukes of Hazzard</i> and more recently, <i>The Fast and the Furious</i> movies. This radical lookback was a complete shift away from Dodge's other models, and came in a wide variety of choices, including a Special Edition and the race-ready Daytona.
Chevrolet Bel Air	The '58 was the first production Chevrolet to come with the bigger, more powerful 348 engine. Longer, lower and heavier than previous models, this new Chevrolet replaced Ford as the number one automobile manufacturer in 1958. The Bel Air also featured the new "Safety-Cell" crumple frame, which was used for the next decade.

Disponível em: [https://www.liveworksheets.com/worksheets/en/English_as_a_Second_Language_\(ESL\)/Comparative_adjectives/Comparatives_Cars_uo1185012jz](https://www.liveworksheets.com/worksheets/en/English_as_a_Second_Language_(ESL)/Comparative_adjectives/Comparatives_Cars_uo1185012jz) Acesso em 21 de jul. de 2021.

- What is the oldest car?
- What is the most expensive car?
- Is the Dodge older than the Shelby?
- Is the Chevrolet cheaper than the Shelby?

Read the advertisement below and answer the exercises.

Disponível em: <https://www.clientearth.org/bp-greenwashing-complaint-sets-precedent-for-action-on-misleading-ad-campaigns/> Acesso em 03 de set de 2020.

7. Match the columns.

- | | |
|--------------|---------------------------------|
| (A) weight | () remake (RE – repetição) |
| (B) possible | () undercharge (UNDER – falta) |
| (C) make | () impossible (IM – negação) |
| (D) charge | () overweight (OVER – excesso) |

8. O anúncio publicitário é um gênero textual que promove um produto ou uma ideia sendo veiculado pelos meios de comunicação de massa. Tem como característica principal o convencimento do consumidor para a compra de um produto ou serviço. Desse modo, identifique o produto oferecido no anúncio publicitário da *EnergyCorp*.

9. Sabemos que ao acrescentarmos o sufixo “ING” podemos formar substantivos, adjetivos e verbos. Assim, classifique as duas palavras que possuem o sufixo “ING”.

ADVANCING possibilities;

We're WORKING to make energy cleaner.